### § 219.608

#### §219.608 Administrator's determination of random alcohol testing rate.

(a) Except as provided in paragraphs (b) through (d) of this section, the minimum annual percentage rate for random alcohol testing shall be 25 percent

of covered employees.

(b) The Administrator's decision to increase or decrease the minimum annual percentage rate for random alcohol testing is based on the violation rate for the entire industry. All information used for the determination is drawn from the alcohol MIS reports required by this part. In order to ensure reliability of the data, the Administrator considers the quality and completeness of the reported data, may obtain additional information or reports from employers, and may make appropriate modifications in calculating the industry violation rate. Each year, the Administrator will publish in the FED-ERAL REGISTER the minimum annual percentage rate for random alcohol testing of covered employees. The new minimum annual percentage rate for random alcohol testing will be applicable starting January 1 of the calendar year following publication.

(c)(1) When the minimum annual percentage rate for random alcohol testing is 25 percent or more, the Administrator may lower this rate to 10 percent of all covered employees if the Administrator determines that the data received under the reporting requirements of §219.801 for two consecutive calendar years indicate that the viola-

tion rate is less than 0.5 percent.

(2) When the minimum annual percentage rate for random alcohol testing is 50 percent, the Administrator may lower this rate to 25 percent of all covered employees if the Administrator determines that the data received under the reporting requirements of §219.801 for two consecutive calendar years indicate that the violation rate is less than 1.0 percent but equal to or greater than 0.5 percent.

(d)(1) When the minimum annual percentage rate for random alcohol testing is 10 percent, and the data received under the reporting requirements of §219.801 for that calendar year indicate that the violation rate is equal to or greater than 0.5 percent, but less than 1.0 percent, the Administrator will in-

crease the minimum annual percentage rate for random alcohol testing to 25 percent of all covered employees.

(2) When the minimum annual percentage rate for random alcohol testing is 25 percent or less, and the data received under the reporting requirements of §219.801 for any calendar year indicate that the violation rate is equal to or greater than 1.0 percent, the Administrator will increase the minimum annual percentage rate for random alcohol testing to 50 percent of

all covered employees.

(e) The railroad shall randomly select and test a sufficient number of covered employees for testing during each calendar year to equal an annual rate not less than the minimum annual percentage rate for random alcohol testing determined by the Administrator. If the railroad conducts random alcohol testing through a consortium, the number of employees to be tested may be calculated for each individual employer or may be based on the total number of covered employees covered by the consortium who are subject to random testing at the same minimum annual percentage rate under this part or any DOT alcohol testing rule.

(f) If a railroad is required to conduct random alcohol testing under the alcohol testing rules of more than one DOT

agency, the railroad may—

(1) Establish separate pools for random selection, with each pool containing the covered employees who are subject to testing at the same required rate; or

(2) Randomly select such employees for testing at the highest percentage rate established for the calendar year by any DOT agency to which the railroad is subject.

[59 FR 7464, Feb. 15, 1994]

## §219.609 Participation in alcohol testing.

A railroad shall, under the conditions specified in this subpart and subpart H of this part, require a covered employee selected through the random testing program to cooperate in breath testing to determine compliance with §219.101, and the employee shall provide the required breath and complete the required paperwork and certifications. Compliance by the employee

shall be excused only in the case of a documented medical or family emergency.

[59 FR 7464, Feb. 15, 1994]

# §219.611 Test result indicating prohibited alcohol concentration; procedures.

Procedures for administrative handling by the railroad in the event an employee's confirmation test indicates an alcohol concentration of .04 or greater are set forth in §219.104.

[59 FR 7464, Feb. 15, 1994]

### Subpart H—Procedures and Safeguards for Urine Drug Testing and for Alcohol Testing

# §219.701 Standards for urine drug testing.

- (a) Urine drug testing required or authorized by subparts B, D, F, and G of this part shall be conducted in the manner provided by this subpart and (to the extent not inconsistent with this part) part 40 of subtitle A of this title. Laboratories employed for these purposes must be certified by the Department of Health and Human Services under that Department's Mandatory Guidelines for Federal Workplace Drug Testing Programs.
- (b) Each railroad's contract with a laboratory conducting testing subject to this subpart shall provide that the FRA and the railroad shall have the right to unannounced inspection during normal business hours through qualified personnel or designated contractors. Such inspecton rights shall, at minimum, include reasonable accompanied access to all records pertinent to testing under this part, quality control data incident thereto, samples submitted under this part, and equipment and personnel related to analysis of those samples.
- (c) Each such contract shall also require that the laboratory comply with all applicable provisions of this part and 49 CFR part 40, including requirements for employee access to specified laboratory records and any applicable conditions imposed upon approvals issued under this subpart or 49 CFR part 40.

#### §219.703 Drug testing procedures.

- (a) Urine samples shall be collected and handled as required in 49 CFR part 40 and this section.
- (b) The collection site person (collector) shall meet the requirements of 49 CFR part 40.
- (c) A person with management or supervisory responsibility over the employee to be tested, or a co-worker of the employee to be tested, may not serve as a collector. For purposes of this paragraph, *co-worker* means a person with whom the person to be tested is assigned or could be assigned in a crew or other working unit to perform normal transportation duties on the railroad.

[54 FR 53259, Dec. 27, 1989, as amended at 59 FR 7464, Feb. 15, 1994; 62 FR 63467, Dec. 1, 1997]

### §219.705 Drugs tested.

- (a) Urine samples shall be analyzed for the presence of controlled substances designated in paragraph (b) of this section and may be analyzed by procedures reasonably incident to analysis of the specimen for controlled substances (e.g., determination of pH or tests for specific gravity, creatinine concentration, or presence of adulterants).
- (b) Each sample submitted shall be analyzed for marijuana, cocaine, phencylidine (PCP), opiates (morphine and codeine), and amphetamines (amphetamine and methamphetamine).
- (c) As part of the reasonable cause testing program established by subpart D of this part, a railroad may test for additional controlled substances in addition to those specified in this section only with approval granted by FRA and for substances for which the Department of Health and Human Services has established an approved testing protocol and positive threshold.

# §219.707 Review by MRO of urine drug testing results.

(a) Urine drug test results reported positive by the laboratory as provided in part 40 of this title shall not be deemed positive or disseminated to any person (other than to the employee tested in a medical interview, if conducted) until they are reviewed by a